

ATROCITIES OF THE REBELS. A Corinth correspondent of the *Cincinnati Gazette* forwards the following statement of the horrible persecutions to which the Union people are subjected in that section:—

"Abraham Kennedy and J. A. Mitchell, of Hackelbo settlement, Munroe County, Alabama, have been hung by the rebels for indulging Union proclivities. Mr. Holloway and daughter of the same county have been shot; and Rector Lewis, an immediate neighbor, of suspected Union proclivities, was hunted down by bloodhounds and captured. The houses of J. A. Palmer, Worly Williams, and other Union men were burned over their families' heads, and the people living in the neighborhood were notified that if they harbored them, their own houses would be burned. Mr. Peterson, living at the head of Bull Mountain, was killed for Union sentiments. Two women in Tusculumbia county were torn to pieces by bloodhounds. In addition to the foregoing, 100 families, driven out of Alabama, reached Corinth on foot without food or clothing. Some of the fugitives are old men, 80 years of age."

The perpetrators of these shocking barbarities are the murderers with whom we are counselled by traitors at the North to cultivate feelings of amity and peace.

[For a heart-rending narration of other rebel atrocities, see our last page. What fiendishness!]

GEN. BUTLER AND HIS TRADUCERS. The announcement, that Gen. Butler will soon return to New Orleans, seems to give universal satisfaction, as he is conceded to be just the man for the place. The stories to the effect that the General was "feathering his nest," to the tune of millions, is pretty effectually smothered by the fact, that recently the General settled with the Government, to the entire satisfaction of the latter. The General had proper vouchers for everything, all his accounts were found satisfactory, and he paid over to the Government over one million three hundred thousand dollars in cash, after deducting the expenses of his department. As he had previously remitted seven hundred thousand dollars, this gives a total of two million dollars as the profits of his administration! Pretty good, that!

GEN. McCLELLAN. The Boston correspondent of the *Haverhill Gazette* says—The star of Gen. McClellan seems to be rapidly sinking below the horizon. Already his name is hardly mentioned, except by the few whose sympathies are manifestly on the side of the rebellion. This is true at Washington as in Boston, and I believe that loyal hearts need no longer fear that he will ever be reinstated with his former power. His visit to New England, contrary to the expectations of the New York politicians, who planned it, has decidedly cooled the enthusiasm of even his most zealous admirers. More than once, during the evening of his most brilliant levee in this city, the General was left with only a single member of his staff, to compose his "circle of attractions." Even his photographers failed to catch a beam of intellectual brilliancy, and gave up in despair."

GEN. BURNSIDE AT NEW HAVEN. Gen. Burnside passed through New Haven last Wednesday week, en route for Washington, and was greeted by a large crowd at the depot with much enthusiasm. The *Palladium* says he was loudly called upon for a speech, and responded, in substance, as follows:—

"Fellow-Citizens—I thank you sincerely for this second warm reception, which I value the more highly because tendered by Connecticut people. I am frequently asked what are my views of this war. I have only to say that I feel the same confidence of success that I did when the first gun was fired upon Fort Sumter, (cheers,) and I left my office to enter the service of the country. I have no doubt of the ultimate success of our cause; and in that confidence I am now proceeding to Washington to again enter the field in the service of the Government." (Cheers.)

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF GEN. BANKS. The New Orleans correspondent of the *Boston Journal* makes the following statement under date of Feb. 12:

"This evening, as Gen. Banks was passing out at the ladies' entrance to the City Hotel for the purpose of attending the French Opera, and before he stepped into his carriage, a pistol was discharged from a recess in the wall, and a ball whizzed close to the person of Gen. Banks, and close to an officer who attended him. The General was not hit, and the dastardly assassin escaped through the crowd. The police are on his track, and he cannot long avoid capture."

Chapter III. of the original Tale we are publishing on our last page, entitled "The Connecticut and Shenandoah," was not received in season for our present number. Hereafter we presume the continuity of publication will not be broken. We ask for a careful perusal.

HOW TO HELP THE CAUSE. Parker Pillsbury writes from Eastern New York as follows:—

"I am having excellent meetings. Last night, the Democracy and Conservatism attempted to interfere, but could not have helped me better. They issued a Card, very blasphemously taking my name in vain, as declaring a truth not fit to be told, to the disadvantage of the Medical Profession, namely, that "Pills" do "bury," and so should be discarded, as they very benevolently proposed to have them, at least in my case. Then they circulated a report that a despatch had been sent to town, saying I could not come. To these they added, that if I attempted to speak, there would be disturbance, and various characteristic demonstrations.

The upshot of the whole was, I had one of the largest, most attentive and respectful audiences ever gathered in the town. They heard me two hours, paid five dollars for the hall and advertising, and gave me over six dollars besides. And nearly every person appeared interested and instructed, and I received several pressing invitations to other towns; and the lecture was one of very extreme character."

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY, for March, has a rich table of contents as follows:—1. Christopher North, by Joseph Dana Howard. 2. "Choose Ye this day whom Ye will Serve," by Oliver Wendell Holmes. 3. The Horrors of San Domingo, by John Weiss. 4. A London Suburb, by Nathaniel Hawthorne. 5. The Vngabonds, by J. T. Trowbridge. 6. Willie Wharton, by Mrs. L. Maria Child. 7. A Call to my Countrywomen, by Gail Hamilton. 8. The True Church, by Theodore Tilton. 9. Under the Pear Tree, by Mrs. Hopkinson. 10. The Last Cruise of the Monitor, by Grenville M. Weeks, Surgeon U. S. N. 11. Lyrics of the Street, No. 5—The Darkened House, by Julia Ward Howe. 12. America the Old World, by Prof. Louis Agassiz. 13. Pericles and President Lincoln, by Henry M. Alden. 14. Reviews and Literary Notices. Ticknor & Fields, publishers, Boston.

THE CONTINENTAL MONTHLY, for March, 1863, contains the following papers:—1. Turkey. A. Comé, Jr. 2. False Estimations. 3. The Blue Handkerchief. 4. Gold. 5. Last Words. Ingoldsby North. 6. Parting. Edward S. Rand, Jr. 7. A Merchant's Story. By the author of "Among the Pines." 8. The Captain of '63 to his Men. Mary E. Nealy. 9. The Vision of the Monk Gabriel. Elcanor C. Donnelly. 10. The Century of Inventions. Charles G. Leland. 11. The Lady and her Slave. 12. For and Against. 13. European Opinion. Hon. F. P. Stanton. 14. The Huguenots. Hon. G. L. Disoway. 15. Montgomery in Secession Time. 16. The Union. Hon. Robert J. Walker. 17. The Soldier's Burial. Literary Notices. Editor's Table.

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE, for March, 1863, presents the following attractive table of contents:—1. Continental Money, a very interesting and useful historical paper, with numerous illustrations. 2. A Californian in Iceland. 3. Doctor Hawley. 4. Romolaf, by the Author of Adam Bede. 5. Musicians of Field and Meadow. 6. For Better, for Worse. 7. European Souvenirs. 8. After Vicksburg. 9. Mrs. Henderson's Anniversary. 10. Little Jenny. 11. Our Prophets. 12. The Small House at Allington. Together with Monthly Record of Current Events, Editor's Easy Chair, Fashions for March, &c. For sale by A. Williams & Co., 100 Washington Street.

RECRUITING FOR THE 54th REGIMENT. William Wells Brown, Dr. Smith, and Charles Lenox Remond, all colored, have been appointed recruiting agents for this regiment. The camp was opened at Readville on Saturday last, with thirty recruits.

Mr. Remond delivered a very eloquent address at Joy Street Church, last Sunday evening, and warmly urged colored men to enlist in the 54th Regiment.

The *Providence Journal* says that with the sanction of Gov. Sprague, an office has been opened in that city to enlist recruits for the Massachusetts 54th Regiment. It is expected that one or two Rhode Island companies will be raised. The expense of transportation and outfit will be met by Massachusetts, but it is understood that the companies will be reckoned as a part of the quota of Rhode Island.

It is also stated that several colored men are on the way from Philadelphia to Massachusetts to enlist in this regiment.

A war meeting of the colored citizens of New Bedford, was held on Thursday evening. Rev. William Jackson was president. He evinced his willingness to go to the war, and urged his friends to volunteer.

Senator Chandler has written a letter home, stating that Michigan will have the honor of sending a negro regiment to the war.

The President is well pleased with the Florida exploit of his colored soldiers, and thinks he shall let them keep the white prisoners they took, and see what the man of "retaliation" will do about it.